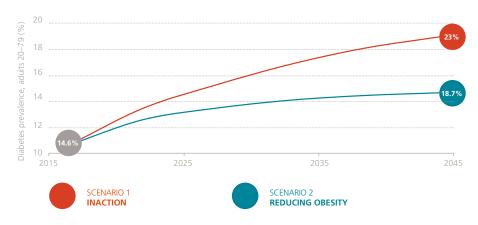


LEBANON

Bending the curve on type 2 diabetes in Lebanon

Two scenarios illustrate that holding back the rise of type 2 diabetes in Lebanon requires reducing the biggest modifiable risk factor: obesity.^{1,2}



The Diabetes Projection Model plots the trajectory of diabetes prevalence over time and illustrates how reducing the prevalence of obesity by 25% would reduce the burden of diabetes.¹

Reducing obesity by 25% by 2045, could:

prevent
169,000
CASES OF TYPE 2 DIABETES.¹

131 MILLION US DOLLARS IN HEALTHCARE EXPENDITURE.

About Cities Changing Diabetes

Cities Changing Diabetes is a first-of-its-kind partnership programme initiated between Novo Nordisk, University College London and Steno Diabetes Center Copenhagen. The programme has been a part of raising urban diabetes as a growing global concern and is now working to help cities identify how they can integrate diabetes prevention into their city strategies in order to create long-term, sustainable change.

For more information, visit CitiesChangingDiabetes.com







BEIRUT

Cities like Beirut are the front line for bending the curve on type 2 diabetes

93% OF ADULTS
WITH DIABETES IN LEBANON
LIVE IN URBAN AREAS.³

42% OF ADULTS IN BEIRUT HAVE OBESITY.⁴

2/5 ADULTS IN BEIRUT ARE AT HIGH RISK OF DEVELOPING TYPE 2 DIABETES.4

CITIES CHANGING DIABETES PARTNERS IN BEIRUT

Beirut Municipality

Chronic Care Center

Embassy of Denmark

Lebanese Society of Endocrinology Diabetes and Lipids



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